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The D Programming Language for Modern Open Source Development

-- Programming in DLang with Mike Shah

16:00 - 16:50 Sat, Feb 3, 2024 Location: k.1.105 (La Fontaine) 50 minutes | Introductory Audience Social: @MichaelShah Web: mshah.io Courses: courses.mshah.io ▷YouTube www.youtube.com/c/MikeShah http://tinyurl.com/mike-talks

FOSDEM 2018

- It has been 6 years since my last FOSDEM talk!
 My how time flies!
- Thank you very much again for having me -- we will have some fun today.
 - (And then I'll see you again in hopefully < 6 years)



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instrumentation

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VKIv_Bkp4pk

Your Tour Guide for Today

by Mike Shah

- Associate Teaching Professor at Northeastern University in Boston, Massachusetts.
 - I **love** teaching: courses in computer systems, computer graphics, geometry, and game engine development.
 - My research is divided into computer graphics (geometry) and software engineering (software analysis and visualization tools).
- I do consulting and technical training on modern C++,

DLang, Concurrency, and Graphics Programming

- Usually graphics or games related -- e.g. Building 3D application plugins
- Outside of work: guitar, running/weights, traveling and cooking are fun to talk about

Je parle une petit francais -- Bienvenue! Je suis prefere le question en anglias pour le meillere result



Web www.mshah.io YouTube https://www.youtube.com/c/MikeShah Non-Academic Courses courses.mshah.io



Abstract

The abstract that you read and enticed you to join me is here!

The D programming language has been quietly growing for well over two decades. This modern programming language supports multiple programming paradigms, a range of memory safety features, and an ecosystem with 3 open source compilers. So why should an open source developer consider learning or using the D programming language? In this talk I will show examples of how D has replaced all of my Python code for my projects, and why I think D truly is a language that allows you to "write fast, read fast, and run fast" code. I will introduce the language, several of my favorite productivity features, and tools in the D programming language ecosystem. Throughout the talk, the audience will also be pointed to several open source tools written in the D language to be inspired from. Audience members looking for a new language to learn, or otherwise the programming language enthusiast may also benefit from a tour of the D language and its features.

Code for the talk

• Located here: <u>https://github.com/MikeShah/Talks/tree/main/2024/FOSDEM</u>



What I want to do today...

- I want you to get excited or curious about an **open source project** -- a programming language!
- That language is of course... the **D programming language**!
- And maybe one day -- you will contribute to the compiler or ecosystem!

GitHub

https://github.com > dlang > dmd

dlang/dmd: dmd D Programming Language compiler

DMD is the reference compiler for the D programming language. Releases, language specification and other resources can be found on the homepage. Projects 4 · LICENSE.txt · Pull requests 262 · CONTRIBUTING.md

https://github.com/dlang/dmd

(Pssst...My dream for you is to get excited enough to contribute)

- There's a great playlist (linked below) where you can learn about hacking on the compiler and contributing to this project
 - I think there's also plenty to learn just looking at the source code of a D's very fast reference compiler (DMD)
 - And maybe you'll one day fix a bug or two!
- Okay -- now that you know what my dream is for you -- let's do the rest of the talk.



https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLIIdXzSkPUXXSkM5NjBAGNIdkd4Q2Zf0R



So I'm a bit of a programming language enthusiast



The past few months...

- I've been spending ~1-hour trying new programming languages
 - Most languages are new to Ο me.
 - Some languages are very 0 popular
 - Some languages are less Ο mainstream

My recordings of 18 (and counting) programming languages can be found on the playlist below

Playlist: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLvv0S cY6vfd-5hJ47DNAOKKLLIHjz1Tzg



a

mike shah first impression

Golang [Programming Languages] Episode 1 - First Impression - golang Mike Shah • 1.2K views • 1 month ago [Programming Languages] Episode 2 - First Impression - V language Mike Shah • 926 views • 3 weeks ago [Programming Languages] Episode 3 - First Impression - Rust Mike Shah • 1.4K views • 3 weeks ago [Programming Languages] Episode 4 - First Impression - Zig Mike Shah • 1.7K views • 3 weeks ago Eiss Lookat: FreeBasic [Programming Languages] Episode 5 - First Impression - FreeBasic Mike Shah • 481 views • 2 weeks ago [Programming Languages] Episode 6 - First Impression - Free Pascal Mike Shah · 678 views · 2 weeks ago [Programming Languages] Episode 7 - First Impression - Ruby Mike Shah • 525 views • 13 days ago [Programming Languages] Episode 8 - First Impression - ocaml Mike Shah • 845 views • 9 days ago [Programming Languages] Episode 9 - First Impression - swift

Mike Shah + 495 views + 7 days and

My goal today is not to convince you a one programming language is better than another (I'm smarter than that...and we all have our favorites)

Les First Look at: Golang

- But--I do want to share my enthusiasm for D which stands out to me -- it's a language I have fun writing code in.
- So in the same way that I've been exploring languages
 My recently, I want to provide an introduction to you of the D
 Ianguage for about an hour.

...and maybe you'll find some features in D you like in -maybe you'll try out Dlang!

lan

First Impression - FreeBasic

First Impression - Free Pasca

First Impression - Ruby

- First Impression - ocaml

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Along our journey -- I'm going to show you some cool projects for inspiration. lar Most of which are fully open source! All of which you can learn something from. COL And all of them in the D programming language.

Playlist: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLvv0S cY6vfd-5hJ47DNAOKKLLIHjz1Tzq



Caml [Programming Languages] Episode 8 - First Impression - ocaml

13

Mike Shah • 845 views • 9 days ago





Tilix -- Terminal Emulator

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- Blog on Development: <u>https://dlang.org/blog/2017/08/11/on-tilix-and-d-an-interview-with-gerald-nunn/</u>
- Github or Dub Repository: <u>https://github.com/gnunn1/tilix/</u>

Built in the **D** Programming Language **Tilix** -- Terminal Emulator

212 -+ Et. Tilix: Defau master > ~ > Development tilix-web anunn Development cd tilix anunn tilix ls -l qnunn / / master / ~) Development > total 10936 156 Mar 11 19:11 autogen.sh -rwxr-xr-x 1 gnunn users 1 gnunn users 1812 Mar 12 12:56 configure.ac -rw-r--r-- 1 gnunn users 710 Mar 11 19:11 CREDITS.md drwxr-xr-x 12 anunn users 4096 Mar 11 19:11 data 2988 Mar 11 19:11 dscanner.ini -rw-r--r-- 1 gnunn users 1293 Mar 18 18:18 dub.json -rw-r--r-- 1 anunn users -rw-r--r-- 1 gnunn users 60 Mar 11 19:11 dub.selections.json drwxr-xr-x 5 gnunn users 4096 Mar 11 19:11 experimental -rwxr-xr-x 1 anunn users 1723 Mar 14 16:29 extract-strings.sh 4957 Mar 11 19:11 install.sh -rwxr-xr-x 1 gnunn users - rw-r--r--1 gnunn users 15922 Mar 11 19:11 LICENSE 1 gnunn users 1067 Mar 12 12:56 Makefile.am - rw-r--r-drwxr-xr-x 2 gnunn users 4096 Mar 19 09:32 po 4723 Mar 12 12:56 README.md -rw-r--r-- 1 gnunn users 4096 Mar 16 09:51 source drwxr-xr-x 6 gnunn users -rwxr-xr-x 2 gnunn users 11108968 Mar 19 09:42 tilix 1012 Mar 11 19:11 uninstall.sl rwxr-xr-x 1 gnunn users gnunn / master) ~) Development) tilix)

Why you might care to look?

- Nice look at how to do GUI development with libraries like gtk.
- D can simply import C code with **ImportC**
 - A full C compiler built into D
- Many bindings to C libraries that you get for free with the D language.

https://github.com/gnunn1/tilix/b lob/master/source/app.d import gtk.Main; import gtk.Version; import gtk.MessageDialog;

import gx.i18n.l10n; import gx.gtk.util; import gx.gtk.vte;

import gx.tilix.application; import gx.tilix.cmdparams; import gx.tilix.constants;

```
int main(string[] args) {
    static if (USE_FILE_LOGGING) {
        sharedLog = new FileLogger("/tmp/tilix.log");
    }
```

bool newProcess = false; string group;

```
string cwd = Util.getCurrentDir();
string pwd;
string de;
trace("CWD = " ~ cwd);
```

Blog on Development: <u>https://dlang.org/blog/2017/08/11/on-tilix-and-d-an-interview-with-gerald-nunn/</u>

Github or Dub Repository: <u>https://github.com/gnunn1/tilix/</u>



DLang a First Impression (La premiere impression)

Pop Quiz: (l'examen surprise!) (1/3)

- Let's take a look at an example of D code
 - I'll give everyone a minute to think about it
 - Try to think about what is being done
 - So... what does this program do?

```
1 void main()
 2
       import std.algorithm, std.stdio;
 3
 4
 5
       "Starting program".writeln;
 6
 7
       enum a = [ 3, 1, 2, 4, 0 ];
 8
 9
       static immutable b = sort(a);
10
11
12
       pragma(msg, "Finished compilation: ", b);
13 }
14
15
```

Pop Quiz: (l'examen surprise!) (2/3)

- One of the first examples on the <u>www.dlang.org</u> webpage
 - An example of sorting an array!
 - Line 3:
 - There's a built-in standard library (named 'Phobos')
 - Line 4:
 - Function call using universal function call syntax (UFCS)
 - Line 7:
 - enum constant
 - Line 8:
 - immutable static data stored in b
 - Line 12:
 - pragma outputs value after compilation
- This program does most of its work (the working) at compile-time!

Sort	an Array at Compile-Time	<u>your code here</u>
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<pre>void main() { import std.algorithm, std.stdio; "Starting program".writeln; enum a = [3, 1, 2, 4, 0]; // Sort data at compile-time static immutable b = sort(a); // Print the result _during_ compilation pragma(msg, "Finished compilation: ", b); }</pre>	

 D tries to execute as much as possible at compile-time And the codejust looks like regular code! Compile-time execution And the execution Compile-time execution And the codejust looks like regular code! Compile-time execution And the codejust looks like regular code! And the code like regular code like	Why you might care to look?	npile	
 much as possible at compile-time o And the codejust looks like regular code! Compile-time execution Compile-time execution Compile-time execution CTFE (Compile-Time Function Evaluation). The fundamental requirements for CTFE eligibility are that a function must be portable, free of side effects, contain no inline assembly, and the source code must be available. Beyond that, the only thing deciding whether a function is evaluated during compilation vs. at run time is the context in which it's called. 	• D tries to execute as	pr	
 And the codejust looks like regular code! Compile-time execution The fundamental requirements for CTFE eligibility are that a function must be portable, free of side effects, contain no inline assembly, and the source code must be available. Beyond that, the only thing deciding whether a function is evaluated during compilation vs. at run time is the context in which it's called. 	much as possible at	your code here	
saves the user time at run-time big win! The CTFE Documentation includes the following statement:	 compile-time And the codejust looks like regular code! Compile-time execution saves the user time at run-time big win! 	ust urce 1.stdio;	
 <u>https://diang.org/blog/2017/06/05/compile-time-sort-in-d/</u> <u>https://tour.dlang.org/tour/en/gems/compile-time</u> <u>in order to be executed at compile time, the function must appear in a context where it must be so executed</u> 	<u>https://dlang.org/blog/2017/06/05/compile-time-sort-in-d/</u> <u>https://tour.dlang.org/tour/en/gems/compile-time</u> <u>-function-evaluation-ctfe</u>	<pre>ingompilation pilation: ", b);</pre>	

This program does most of its work (the working) at compile-time!



The D Programming Language (Le langage de programmation D)

D Language History - Created by Walter Bright [wiki]

- Walter Bright
 - Wrote a C Compiler (Datalight C compiler)
 - Famously created the Zortech C++ compiler
 - Designed the game Empire
 - (There is even a translation of Empire to D!)
 - Between 1999-2006 worked alone on D version 1 programming language.
 - (Originally it was the Digital Mars Compiler, but everyone colleagues and friends insisted on calling it the next evolution to C++, thus the name 'D')
- Around 2006 or 2007 -- D2 would start being developed with Andrei Alexandrescu and others.
 - Full history here Origins of the D Programming Language
 - https://dl.acm.org/doi/pdf/10.1145/3386323



Dconf 2022 in London

D hosts an online and in-person conference every year: <u>https://dconf.org/</u>

So what is the D Programming Language? (1/2)

So what is the D Programming Language? (2/2)

D is a general-purpose programming language with static typing, systems-level access, and C-like syntax. With the **D** Programming Language, write fast, read fast, and run fast.

So, over the last 25 years -- now three D Compilers!

- DMD is the official reference compiler
 - The compiler **is open-source** and you can fork a copy of it today
 - DMD is a **very fast compiler** (in part because of D's module system)
- GDC
 - GCC-based D Compiler Frontend
 - Good GDB support
- LDC LLVM based D Compiler
 - Allows you to get LLVM optimizations and target many architectures

Note: Common for D programmers to develop in DMD for quick edit-compile-run cycles, and then deploy using GDC or LDC



Downloading the Tools

- The download of any of the compilers is relatively simple and available for many architectures from the homepage
 - Along with the download, you also get:
 - Dub the package manager for managing dependencies and as a lightweight build tool.
 - Other useful tools like dfmt (a code formatter) and dscanner (a linter) exist
 - A VSCode extension (code-d) is available, as well as some support in IntelliJ for D.



https://dlang.org/download.html

Note: Brian Callahan gets a lot of credit for bringing D to FreeBSD <u>https://briancallahan.net/blog/20211013.html</u>²⁶

DLang Domains

- It's a general purpose-language systems language, so D can be used in any domain.
- Dlang has found some niches in performance-based domains:
 - e.g. image processing, gaming, streaming, finance, and simulation



https://dlang.org/orgs-using-d.html

Built in the **D** Programming Language **Eilmer**(/ɛlmə/) Compressible Flow Simulator





- Website: <u>https://gdtk.uqcloud.net/</u> and <u>https://gdtk.uqcloud.net/pdfs/eilmer-user-guide.pdf</u>
- Github or Dub Repository: <u>https://github.com/gdtk-uq/gdtk</u>

Built in the **D** Programming Language **Eilmer**(/ɛlmə/) Compressible Flow Simulator



- Website: <u>https://gdtk.uqcloud.net/</u> and <u>https://gdtk.uqcloud.net/pdfs/eilmer-user-guide.pdf</u>
- Github or Dub Repository: <u>https://github.com/gdtk-uq/gdtk</u>

DLang Features

- We've seen **compile-time function execution** (ctfe) as one modern feature of the D language compiler
- The language itself supports many nice quality of life features for safety and productivity -- for example:
 - Built-in dynamic arrays
 - Built-in Associative arrays (i.e. map/hashtable/dictionary)
 - Bounds checked arrays
 - (With ability to disable if needed)
 - lambda's and delegates
 - Uniform Function Call Syntax (UFCS)
 - Object-Oriented Programming Paradigm
 - Functional paradigms (lazy evaluation, pure functions)
 - Concurrency
 - Garbage Collection or manual memory management options
 - i.e. You can just use malloc/free if you really want!
 - and more!

Features Overview

Navigate D's implementation of a few key programming language concepts.

- <u>Garbage Collection</u>
- Functions
 - Function Delegates
 - Function Overloading
 - out parameters for functions
 - Nested functions
 - Function literals
 - <u>Closures</u>
 - Typesafe variadic arguments
 - Lazy function argument evaluation
 - Compile time function evaluation
 - Uniform Function Call Syntax
 - User-Defined Attributes
- Arrays
 - Lightweight arrays
 - <u>Resizeable arrays</u>
 - Built-in strings
 - Array slicing
 - Array bounds checking
 - Array literals
 - Associative arrays
 - <u>String switches</u>
 - <u>Aliases</u>
- 00P
 - Object Orientation
 - Interfaces
 - $\circ~$ Single inheritance of implementation/multiple inheritance of interfaces

https://dlang.org/comparison.html



Phobos The Standard Runtime Library

- Phobos is the **standard runtime library** that comes with D.
 - Thus, I like to think of D as a 'batteries included' language
 - You can get started immediately and be productive and writing software to solve problems.
 - Phobos comes ready with a rich set of algorithms, containers (data structures), and other common libraries for solving problems.
 - "Containers" are the standard libraries **data structures** (beyond the built-in types) that describe how we access and store data.
 - And the "algorithms" and "ranges" and are building blocks for computation
- The Standard Library (std) has common data structures and ability to work with data (json, csv, xml), compression (zip), networking (sockets, curl), etc.

Phobos Runtime Library

Phobos is the standard runtime library that comes with the D language compiler.

Generally, the **std** namespace is used for the main modules in the Phobos standard library. The **etc** namespace is used for external C/C++ library bindings. The **core** namespace is used for low-level D runtime functions.

The following table is a quick reference guide for which Phobos modules to use for a given category of functionality. Note that some modules may appear in more than one category, as some Phobos modules are quite generic and can be applied in a variety of situations.

Modules	Description
Algorithms & ranges	
std.algorithm std.range std.range.primitives std.range.interfaces	Generic algorithms that work with <u>ranges</u> of any type, including strings, arrays, and other kinds of sequentially-accessed data. Algorithms include searching, comparison, iteration, sorting, set operations, and mutation.
Array manipulation	
<u>std.array</u> <u>std.algorithm</u>	Convenient operations commonly used with built-in arrays. Note that many common array operations are subsets of more generic algorithms that work with arbitrary ranges, so they are found in std.algorithm .
Containers	
<pre>std.container.array std.container.binaryheap std.container.dlist std.container.rbtree std.container.slist</pre>	See <u>std.container.*</u> for an overview.

https://dlang.org/phobos/index.html

```
23 // Retrieves all of the playlists from the channel.
24 void GetPlaylists(){
25
       // Query all the playlists for the channel
26
       string query = "https://youtube.googleapis.com/youtube/v3/playlists?part=snippet%2CcontentDetail
   s&channelId="~gChannelID~"&maxResults=50&key="~gYouTubeAPIKey~"";
27
28
       // Perform the query
29
       auto content = get(query);
       // Now we parse the content into json "j"
30
31
       auto j = parseJSON(content);
32
33
       foreach(key; j["items"].array){
           writeln(" ");
34
35
           string id = strip(j["items"][counter]["id"].toString,"\"");
```

The following is a capture of one of my command-line scripts

- I take advantage of **std.net.curl** to make YouTube API calls
 - See line 29 (Note: Consider using a Builder to create a Query String)
- std.json is then used to retrieve data
 - 'auto' at line 29 infers the type, and then we parse the JSONObject
- Then I use a **range-based** loop (line 33) to iterate through the keys of my json object.

```
Perform a Request on the github api
42 auto GetRequest(DefaultUser user, Course course, string request){
43
       // Setup an HTTP Request
44
       auto http = HTTP();
45
       http.url = "https://api.github.com/orgs/"~course.coursename~"/"~request;
46
       http.method = HTTP.Method.get;
47
       http.setAuthentication(user.uname,user.OAUTH);
48
49
50
       // Store the result of the data that we retrieve
       char[]
                 resultString;
51
52
       // Retrieve the header data
53
       http.onReceiveHeader = (in char[] key, in char[] value) {
54
           writeln("onRecieveHeader: ",key, ": ", value);
55
       };
```

Yet another tool -- again -- same pattern but with calls to GitHub API

Observe line 53 we set the event handler using a lambda function
 Attributes 'in' function effectively as 'transitive const' data.

Set the event handler that receives incoming headers.

```
{null} onReceiveHeader();
```

DLang for Scripts (1/2)

- As an interesting anecdote -- most of these scripts (and I have dozens of them...) use to be written in Python.
 - The translation was relatively simple -and I've found D to be writeable like the Python language
- But -- I still execute my source files like scripts in Python
 - (I'll explain on the next slide)

Curl + YouTube API

23	// Retrieves all of the playlists from the channel.
24	<pre>void GetPlayLists(){</pre>
25	// Query all the playlists for the channel
26	<pre>string query = "https://youtube.googleapis.com/youtube/v3/playlists?part=snippet%20contentDetai</pre>
	s&channelId="~gChannelID~"&maxResults=50&key="~gYouTubeAPIKey~"";
27	
28	// Perform the query
29	auto content = get(query);
30	// Now we parse the content into json "j"
31	auto j = parseJSON(content);
32	
33	foreach(key; j["items"].array){
34	<pre>writeln(" ");</pre>
35	<pre>string id = strip(j["items"][counter]["id"].toString,"\"");</pre>

Curl + Github API

/// Perform a Request on the github api 42 auto GetRequest(DefaultUser user, Course course, string request){ // Setup an HTTP Request auto http = HTTP(); http.url = "https://api.github.com/orgs/"~course.coursename~"/"~request; 45 46 http.method = HTTP.Method.get; http.setAuthentication(user.uname,user.OAUTH); // Store the result of the data that we retrieve 50 char[] resultString; 52 // Retrieve the header data http.onReceiveHeader = (in char[] key, in char[] value) { writeln("onRecieveHeader: ",key, ": ", value);

DLang for Scripts (2/2)

- A little helper tool called **rdmd** will compile (and cache) on the fly.
 - Great -- now I get a statically typed, systems language that I can write my scripts in.
- (Note: Idmd2 is the equivalent for the LDC compiler of rdmd)

On-the-fly compilation with rdmd

The helper tool rdmd, distributed with the DMD compiler, will make sure to compile all dependencies and automatically runs the resulting application:

rdmd hello.d

On UNIX systems the shebang line #!/usr/bin/env rdmd can be put on the first line of an executable D file to allow a script-like usage.

Browse the online documentation or run rdmd --help for an overview of available flags.

(Aside) DLang for Scripts Performance

- Generally speaking, compiled languages (as you may know) often achieve more performance versus interpreted languages
 - That is the case with my 'D' versus 'Python' performance case
 - (Yes, Python numpy, or calling into pyCuda speeds things up)
 - But the point is, I get a language that's easy to write in, but boosts great performance.
 - DMD is a fast compiler -- rdmd allows me to use dmd almost like a scripting language
- Yet -- there's more to the performance story!



[Dlang Series Teaser] Dlang versus Python speed comparison (Matrix Multiply)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HS7X9ERdjM4&list=PL vv0ScY6vfd9Fso-3cB4CGnSIW0E4btJV

134	<pre>foreach(student ; students.parallel){</pre>
135	<pre>if(student.reponame.indexOf(reponame_prefix)>=0){</pre>
136	<pre>auto pid = spawnShell("git clone https://"~us</pre>
	<pre>se.coursename~"/"~student.reponame~"");</pre>
137	}
138	}

I can get thread-based parallelism relatively cheaply!

• Observe line 134, I can simply call .parallel on an array, and within a range-based loop this create multiple threads.

RayTracer



- So here was a Raytracer that I built-in the D programming language
 - An obvious candidate for parallelism from the <u>std.parallelism</u> module

- Talk/Website: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nClB8df7q2g
- Github or Dub Repository: <u>https://github.com/MikeShah/Talks/tree/main/2022/2022_dconf_London</u>

Ray	Tra	cer

74		<pre>foreach(y ; cam.GetScreenHeight.iota.parallel){</pre>
75		<pre>foreach(x; cam.GetScreenHeight().iota.parallel){</pre>
76	11	<pre>for(int y=cam.GetScreenHeight()-1; y >=0;y){</pre>
77	11	<pre>for(int x= 0; x < cam.GetScreenWidth(); ++x){</pre>
78		
79		// Cast ray into scene
80		<pre>// Accumulate the pixel color from multiple samples</pre>
81		Vec3 pixelColor = $Vec3(0.0, 0.0, 0.0);$

- Again observe that I'm able to parallelize this loop
- There's also something interesting going on here syntactically to talk about with D
- The function calls take advantage of Universal Function Call Syntax (<u>UFCS</u>) -- a great feature for readability
 - o cam.GetScreenHeight.iota.parallel
 - as opposed to
 - o parallel(iota(cam.GetScreenHeight())));

(Aside)

- The D Compiler has a **built-in profiler** and **gc (memory) profiler**
- You can watch my previous talk below to learn more about how .parallel improved performance
 - DConf Online '22 Engineering a Ray Tracer on the Next Weekend with DLang
 - <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MFh</u> <u>TRiobWfU</u>

-profile [switches see -profile]

dmd -profile -g ./src/*.d -of=prog && ./prog && display ./output/image.ppm

- So highlighted above is the '-profile' flag being used.
- Below is the summary of the profile (trace.log)
 - Note the summary is found at the bottom of trace.log

614		Timer frequency	unknown,	Times are in	Megaticks ======
615					
616	Num	Tree	Func	Per	
617	Calls	Time	Time	Call	
618					
619	4888100	51585	51369	0	<pre>double utility.GenerateRandomDouble()</pre>
620	13419031	12011	10287	0	<pre>vec3.Vec3 vec3.Vec3.opBinary!("-").op</pre>
621	12866509	9584	6947	0	double vec3.DotProduct(const(vec3.Vec
622	10279720	34363	6823	0	<pre>bool sphere.Sphere.Hit(ray.Ray, doubl</pre>
623	6814276	5462	4708	0	<pre>vec3.Vec3 vec3.Vec3.opBinary!("+").opB</pre>
624	35995879	4336	3747	0	<pre>const bool vec3.Vec3.IsZero()</pre>
625	6498806	3946	3466	0	<pre>vec3.Vec3 vec3.Vec3.opBinaryRight!("*"</pre>
626	2570181	73278	2032	0	vec3.Vec3 main.CastRay(ray.Ray, sphere
627	20559440	4289	1867	0	const double vec3.Vec3.LengthSquared(
628	84971600	1543	1543	0	pure nothrow @nogc @trusted bool core

-profile=gc (/	After making a Vec3 a struct)
dmd -g -profi	le=gc ./src/*.d -of=prog
● Now notice t	here are no allocations for Vec3!
○ They're al	I done on the stack so let's do another speed test!
1 bytes allocated, a	<pre>llocations, type, function, file:line</pre>
2 993941664	10353559 sphere.HitRecord main.CastRay ./src/main.d:23
3 993839232	10352492 sphere.HitRecord sphere.HittableList.Hit ./src/sphere.d:44
4 288000000	4500000 ray.Ray camera.GetCameraRay ./src/camera.d:33
5 227915392	3561178 ray.Ray material.Lambertian.Scatter ./src/material.d:27
6 146712384	2292381 ray.Ray material.Metal.Scatter ./src/material.d:46

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And more graphics open-source projects...

Dagon -- Game Engine



- Website with games and tutorials: <u>https://gecko0307.github.io/dagon/</u>
- Github or Dub Repository: <u>https://github.com/gecko0307/dagon | https://code.dlang.org/packages/dagon</u>

Dagon -- Game Engine



Why you might care to look?

- It's a substantial project that would be of interest to graphics developers
 - You can take a look at the project hierarchy to see how a D project is organized.
- Fun comparison of C++ and D renderers [here]

https://github.com/gecko0307 /dagon/blob/master/src/dagon /graphics/mesh.d

28	<pre>module dagon.graphics.mesh;</pre>			
29				
30	<pre>import std.math;</pre>			
31	<pre>import std.algorithm;</pre>			
32				
33	<pre>import dlib.core.memory;</pre>			
34	<pre>import dlib.core.ownership;</pre>			
35	<pre>import dlib.geometry.triangle;</pre>			
36	<pre>import dlib.math.vector;</pre>			
37	<pre>import dlib.geometry.aabb;</pre>			
38				
39	<pre>import dagon.core.bindings;</pre>			
40	<pre>import dagon.graphics.drawable;</pre>			
41				
42	enum VertexAttrib			
43	{			
44	Vertices = 0,			
45	Normals = 1,			
46	Texcoords = 2			
47	}			

- Website with games and tutorials: <u>https://gecko0307.github.io/dagon/</u>
- Github or Dub Repository: <u>https://github.com/gecko0307/dagon</u> | <u>https://code.dlang.org/packages/dagon</u>

Dash -- Game Engine



- Website with games: <u>https://circularstudios.com/</u>
- Github or Dub Repository: <u>https://github.com/Circular-Studios/Dash</u>
- Forum Post: https://forum.dlang.org/thread/qnaqymkehjvopwxwvwig@forum.dlang.org

Dash -- Game Engine



Why you might care to look?

- Just to show another game engine that had been done in D!
- The code shows embedding shaders as strings -- there's also nice examples of '<u>mixins</u>' in the codebase.

https://github.com/Circular-Studios/Da sh/blob/develop/source/dash/graphics /shaders/glsl/ambientlight.d module dash.graphics.shaders.glsl.ambientlight; import dash.graphics.shaders.glsl;

package:

/// Takes in a clip-space quad and interpolates the UVs
immutable string ambientlightVS = glslVersion ~ q{
 layout(location = 0) in vec3 vPosition_s;
 layout(location = 1) in vec2 vUV;
 out vec4 fPosition_s;
 out vec2 fUV;
 void main(void)
 {

```
fPosition_s = vec4( vPosition_s, 1.0f );
gl_Position = fPosition_s;
fUV = vUV;
```

Website with games: <u>https://circularstudios.com/</u>

- Github or Dub Repository: <u>https://github.com/Circular-Studios/Dash</u>
- Forum Post: https://forum.dlang.org/thread/qnaqymkehjvopwxwvwig@forum.dlang.org

Hipreme Engine -- Game Engine



- Github or Dub Repository: <u>https://github.com/MrcSnm/HipremeEngine</u>
- DConf 2023 Talk: <u>DConf '23 -- Hipreme Engine: Bringing D Everywhere -- Marcelo Mancini</u>

Built in the **D** Programming Language Hipreme Engine -- Game Engine



- Github or Dub Repository: <u>https://github.com/MrcSnm/HipremeEngine</u>
- DConf 2023 Talk: <u>DConf '23 -- Hipreme Engine: Bringing D Everywhere -- Marcelo Mancini</u>

(Aside) Other Graphics Resources

 The bind-bc libraries by Michael (Mike) Parker provide access to libraries like Simple Directmedia layer (SDL) and other graphical libraries to enable much of this game work.

bindbc-sdl 14.5

Static & dynamic bindings to SDL2 & the SDL_* libraries, compatible with BetterC, @nogc, and nothrow.



To use this package, run the following command in your project's root directory:

dub add bindbc-sdl

https://code.dlang.org/packages/bindbc-sdl

Ê

(Aside) Commercial Games with D Language

- D has also been used in AAA commercial games
 - Full presentations here:
 - Using D Alongside a Game Engine
 - <u>https://dconf.org/2013/talks/evans_1.html</u>
 - Quantum Break: AAA Gaming With Some D Code
 - <u>https://dconf.org/2016/talks/watson.html</u>
 - D: Using an Emerging Language in Quantum Break
 - <u>https://www.gdcvault.com/play/1023843/D-Using-an-Emerging-Language</u>

DLang Paradigms

• Expressiveness

• You can write in a procedural style, oop style, functional style, generic code, parallel code using threads, fibers, simd, etc.

D supports five main programming paradigms:

- concurrent (actor model)
- object-oriented.
- imperative.
- functional.
- metaprogramming.

Wikipedia

https://en.wikipedia.org > wiki > D_(programming_lang...

D (programming language) - Wikipedia



Functional Style no raw loops	Object-Oriented Style
<pre>1 // @ file functional_filter.d 2 import std.stdio; 3 import std.algorithm; // map 4 import std.string; 5 6 void main(){ 7 8 // Loop style 9 // A little better with foreach loop 10 auto words = ["hello", "world", "dlang", "c++", "java"]; 11 int coolLangauges = 0; 12 foreach(element ; words){ 13 if(element=="dlang"){ 14 coolLangauges++; 15 } 15 }</pre>	<pre>1 // @ inheritance.d 2 import std.stdio; 3 4 interface Dog{ 5 void Bark(); 6 void Walk(); 7 } 8 9 class Husky : Dog{ 10 void Bark(){ writeln("Husky Bark!"); } 11 void Walk(){ writeln("Husky Walk!"); } 12 } 13 14 class GoldenRetriever : Dog{ 15 void Bark(){ writeln("GoldenRetriever Bark!"); 16 void Walk(){ writeln("GoldenRetriever Walk!"); 17 } 18</pre>
<pre>16 } 17 writeln("Cool langauges found: ",coolLangauges); 18 19 // Functional-style 20 21 auto words2 = ["hello", "world", "dlang", "c++", "java"]; 22 import std.array; 23 auto result = words.filter!(a=> a.indexOf("dlang") >=0).array; 24 writeln("Cool langauges found: ",result); 25 26 } </pre>	<pre>19 void main(){ 20 21 Dog dog1 = new Husky; 22 Dog dog2 = new GoldenRetriever; 23 24 Dog[] collection; 25 collection ~= dog1; 26 collection ~= dog2; 27 foreach(doggy ; collection){ 28</pre>

31 }

"Hello world" of meta programming/introspection



Not ready to try D?

- Use it as a 'betterC'
 - Useful for bare-metal programming or enhancing a C-codebase.
 - disables D language run-time, so reduces dependencies
 - Get other features of the D language I have not talked about
 - e.g. unittest support
 - e.g. RAII support
 - e.g. Excellent metaprogramming support
 - compile-time functionality remains
- Nice talk on bare metal programming on kernels here:
 - <u>DConf '23--Multiplix: Using D for Kernel</u> <u>Development--Zachary Yedidia</u>

> dmd -betterC -unittest -run test.d

40.3 Retained Features

- 1. Nearly the full language remains available. Highlights include:
 - 1. Unrestricted use of compile-time features
 - 2. Full metaprogramming facilities
 - 3. Nested functions, nested structs, delegates and lambdas
 - 4. Member functions, constructors, destructors, operating overloading, etc.
 - 5. The full module system
 - 6. Array slicing, and array bounds checking
 - 7. RAII (yes, it can work without exceptions)
 - 8. scope(exit)
 - 9. Memory safety protections
 - 10. Interfacing to C++
 - 11. COM classes and C++ classes
 - 12. assert failures are directed to the C runtime library
 - 13. switch with strings
 - 14.final switch
 - 15. unittest
 - 16. printf format validation

https://dlang.org/spec/betterc.html

Learning More About the D Language

The D language tour

- Nice set of online tutorials that you can work through in 1 day
 - Found directly on the D language website under 'Learn'

DLang Tour	Welcome -	D's Basics -	D's Gems 🔻	Multithreading -	Vibe.d -	D by Examples 🕶	DUB package:
Imports and modules		Imports and m	odules			~ 4	Run 🕨 I
		Basic types		Ø			
		Memory		1	void main(()	
One of D's core design decision was to be consistent and avoid corner of in the language. This is called <i>turtles all the way down</i> . One good exam for this consistency are import s.		Mutability		2	{ import	std.stdio:	
		Control flow		4	o : writeln;		
		Functions		5	writel	ln("Hello, World	!");
		Structs			}		
Imports		Arrays					
		Slices					
For a simple hello world program in D, import s are needed. The impor functions and types from the given module available.		Alias & Strings	טמ	ublic			
		Loops					
		Foreach					
The turtles start falling down		Ranges					
		Associative Arr	rays				
An import statement does not need to appear at the top of a source file functions or any other scope. In the following chapters you will see the		Classes	cal	lly within			
		Interfaces	al	ll concepts in			
D. The language doesn't impose arbitrary restriction	is on you.	Templates					
Selective imports		Delegates					
Selective imports		Exceptions					
The standard library, called Phobos, is located unde	r the package std	Further Readin	g ere	enced through			

https://tour.dlang.org/

More Resources for Learning D

I would start with these two books

- 1. Programming in D by Ali Çehreli
 - a. Freely available http://ddili.org/
- 2. Learning D by Michael Parker

Any other books you find on D are also very good -- folks in the D community write books out of passion!

The online forums and discord are otherwise very active



YouTube

- I am actively adding more lessons about the D programming language
 - <u>https://www.youtube.com</u>
 <u>/c/MikeShah</u>



https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLvv0ScY6vfd9Fso-3cB4CGnSIW0E4btJV

Teaching D Language

- You can hear my perspective
- Even better -- you can hear the students perspective
 - They built a networked collaborative paint program that is also available.
- D Conf 2023:
 - YouTube: <u>https://www.youtube.com/live/wXTlaf</u> <u>zIJVY?si=Xpy6g5h4wtlUrt2E&t=7711</u>
 - Link to Conference Talk Description: https://dconf.org/2023/index.html





The Case for D [link] [archived link] (1/2)

- Andrei Alexandrescu [wiki] one of the main contributors to has a wonderful article on "The Case for D" written in 2009.
 - In short, D is a 'high-level systems language' where you can be productive, and enjoy coding....Of course, I'm not deluding myself that it's an easy task to convince you.

D Fundamentals

D could be best described as a high-level systems programming language. It encompasses features that are normally found in higherlevel and even scripting languages -- such as a rapid edit-run cycle, garbage collection, built-in hashtables, or a permission to omit many type declarations -- but also low-level features such as pointers, storage management in a manual (' la C's malloc/free) or semiautomatic (using constructors, destructors, and a unique scope statement) manner, and generally the same direct relationship with memory that C and C++ programmers know and love. In fact, D can link and call C functions directly with no intervening translation layer. The entire C standard library is directly available to D programs. However, you'd very rarely feel compelled to go that low because D's own facilities are often more powerful, safer, and just as efficient. By and large, D makes a strong statement that convenience and efficiency are not necessarily at odds. Aside from the higher-level topics that we'll discuss soon, no description of D would be complete without mentioning its attention to detail: all variables are initialized, unless you initialize them with void; arrays and associative arrays are intuitive and easy on the eyes; iteration is clean; NaN is actually used; overloading rules can be understood; support for documentation and unit testing is built-in. D is multi-paradigm, meaning that it fosters writing code in object-oriented, generic, functional, and procedural

The Case for D [link] [archived link] (2/2)

- Andrei Alexandrescu [wiki] one of the main contributors to has a wonderful article on "The Case for D" written in 2009.
 - In short, D is a 'high-level systems language' where you can be productive, and enjoy coding.
- Again, you'll decide yourself after trying if D is your new language of choice.
- My hope -- In this talk, I can at the least show you some great features of D, and where to look for inspiration for D in the open source world.

D Fundamentals

D could be best described as a high-level systems programming language. It encompasses features that are normally found in higherlevel and even scripting languages -- such as a rapid edit-run cycle, garbage collection, built-in hashtables, or a permission to omit many type declarations -- but also low-level features such as pointers, storage management in a manual (' la C's malloc/free) or semiautomatic (using constructors, destructors, and a unique scope statement) manner, and generally the same direct relationship with memory that C and C++ programmers know and love. In fact, D can link and call C functions directly with no intervening translation layer. The entire C standard library is directly available to D programs. However, you'd very rarely feel compelled to go that low because D's own facilities are often more powerful, safer, and just as efficient. By and large, D makes a strong statement that convenience and efficiency are not necessarily at odds. Aside from the higher-level topics that we'll discuss soon, no description of D would be complete without mentioning its attention to detail: all variables are initialized, unless you initialize them with **void**; arrays and associative arrays are intuitive and easy on the eyes; iteration is clean; NaN is actually used; overloading rules can be understood; support for documentation and unit testing is built-in. D is multi-paradigm, meaning that it fosters writing code in object-oriented, generic, functional, and procedural

So why care as an open source developer?

- I've found D to be:
 - Readable
 - Writeable
 - Performant
 - Allow fast iteration times
 - This combination of attributes provides a competitive advantage
 - I *believe* based on working with students, that D-based projects are very easy to have contributors at different skill levels participate at scale.
- The ecosystem of D Compilers is very open, so no worry about it disappear
- Overall:
 - A friendly language, allowing you to work at many different levels and paradigms, could be a wonderful way to build software and collaborate with others

What's next for me?

- Converting my website to use the vibe framework
 - See: <u>https://vibed.org/</u>
- Yet another open-source tool in the ecosystem for building scalable websites and web applications.



Productive

High-level declarative **REST** and **web application** framework

Full HTTP(S) stack with client, server and proxy implementations

Shipped with native database drivers for MongoDB and Redis

Complete concurrency toolkit and support for low level I/O operations

Read more...

Asynchronous I/O that doesn't get in your way, written in

Fast

Asynchronous I/O for maximum speed and minimum memory usage

Compile-time "Diet" templates for unparalleled dynamic page speed

Compiled to native machine code

Multi-threading and integrated load-balancing*

Read more...

Simple

Fiber based blocking programming model for concise and intuitive development Compact API with sensible default choices

DJB

Full support for exception based error handling

Simple access to third-party **extension libraries** using the DUB package system

Read more...



Leverage the power of D and the vibe.d framework to develop web applications that are incredibly fast

Some Summary of D Topics Today

- It is a compiled language
 - (i.e. machine code is executed as opposed to interpreting code)
- The compilers (DMD, LDC2, GDC) have years of optimization built into them
- D does lots of compile-time function evaluation (CTFE)
 - \circ $\$ Run code at compile-time, so you don't need to evaluate at run-time
- The language allows you to control system resources
 - i.e. You can turn on and off garbage collection for example.
- Parallelization can often be trivially enabled (e.g. std.parallel)
- Universal Function Call Syntax (UFCS) for writing readable code
- rdmd gives you a 'script like' feel to the language when you need
 - Keep all of your code and cognitive load in one programming language

Thank you Fosdem 2024!

The D Programming Language for Modern Open Source Development

-- Programming in DLang with Mike Shah

16:00 - 16:50 Sat, Feb 3, 2024 Location: k.1.105 (La Fontaine) 50 minutes | Introductory Audience Social: @MichaelShah Web: mshah.io Courses: courses.mshah.io ▷YouTube www.youtube.com/c/MikeShah http://tinyurl.com/mike-talks Thank you!

Errata/Questions

Questions and notes after the talk

• Questions during the talk

- Rust vs D
 - I have not used Rust professionally to comment on a large code base, but here are some thoughts.
 - Probably each have their own domains
 - I've found D code very 'malleable' (i.e. high plasticity) which may be an advantage
 - Anyone with a C, C++, Java background I suspect will have an easy transition to D
 - For game/graphics (my domain) or other highly stateful applications I've found D great!
 - For systems programming both are good languages with memory safety features
 - For experts in either 'Rust' or 'D', the old advice probably applies where you pick the language you are most comfortable in, and that's the language you'll like best.

• Questions after the talk

- **pure** is available in D, so you can define pure functions
 - Useful for concurrency, minimizing state, improving chance of compile-time function
- Regarding the 'template constraints' here's the page
 - https://dlang.org/articles/constraints.html
 - I *believe* no need to write 'static if' because constraint is evaluated at compile-time, but you could put in a static if
 - I also did not discuss 'pre' and 'post' contracts used when developing software -- which is another nice feature

Extras and Notes

More Useful Links

- <u>https://github.com/dlang-community/awesome-d</u>
- Another list of projects and companies (here: <u>https://github.com/dlang-community/awesome-d?tab=readme-ov-file#organiz</u> <u>ations</u>) using D now or in the past.
- D repositories
 - <u>https://github.com/topics/dlang</u> and/or <u>https://github.com/topics/d</u>